

TAKING DATA OUT OF CONTEXT TO HYPER-PERSONALIZE ADS: Crowdworkers' Privacy Perceptions And Decisions To Disclose Private Information

Julia Hanson*, Miranda Wei*, Sophie Veys,
Matthew Kugler, Lior Strahilevitz, Blase Ur

* co-lead authors

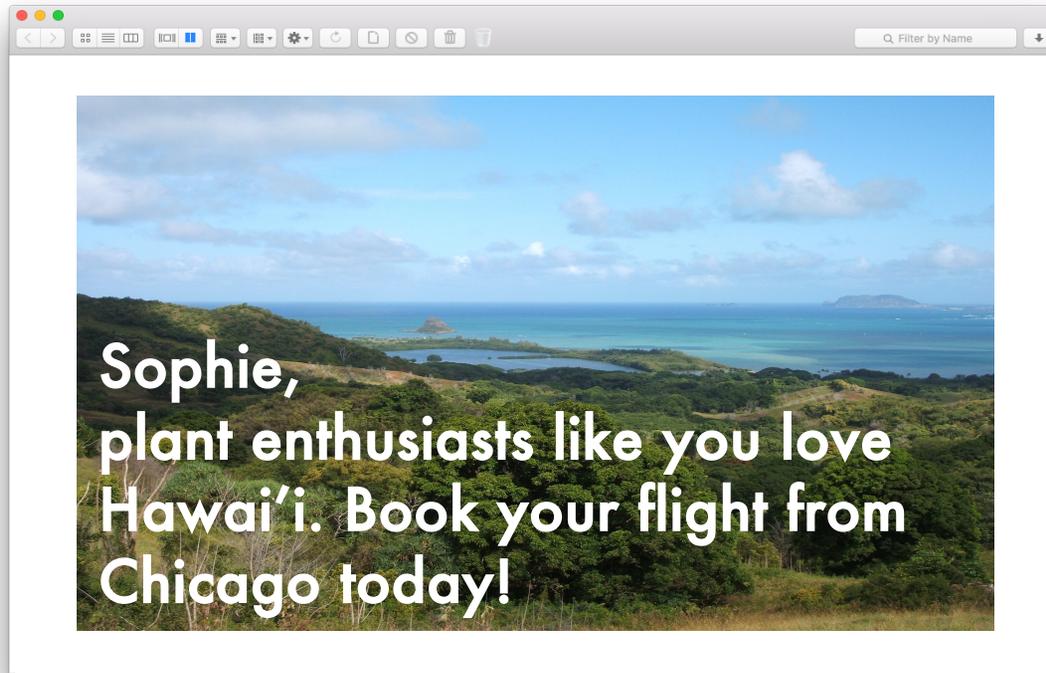
 CHI 2020 May 2020



Northwestern







People can find personalized ads **creepy**

Personalization reflects potential **misuse of data**:
data collected in one context, but **re-used** in another

1. How would you respond to seeing your **data re-contextualized** in a **hyper-targeted ad**?

2. How could you **prevent unwanted reuse** of your data in the future?

One strategy: **limit information disclosure**

Would seeing a **creepy, hyper-personalized ad...**

→ ...cause feelings of privacy invasion?

→ ...alter information disclosure behavior?

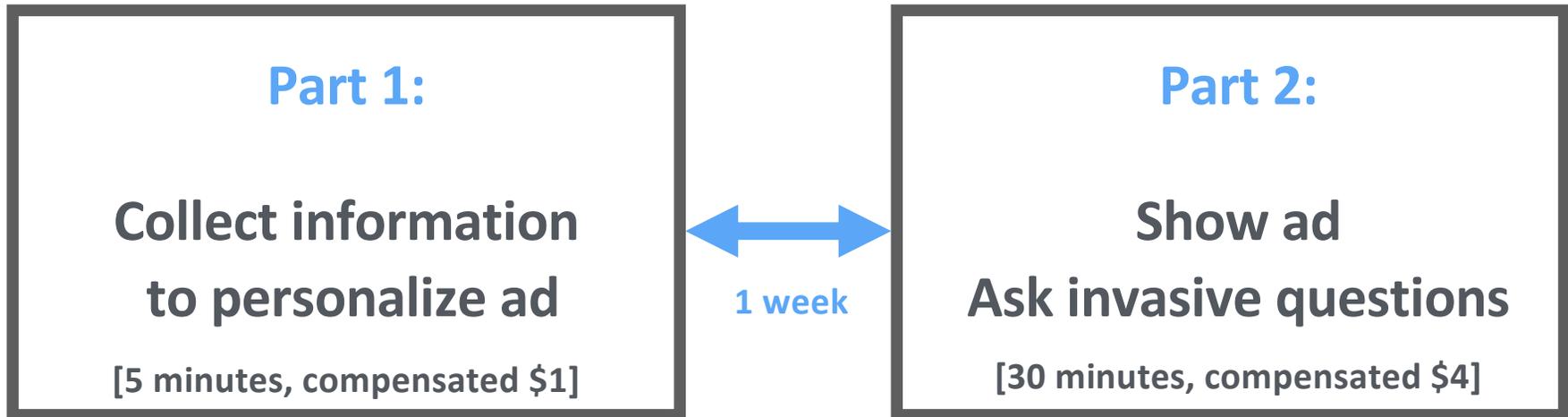
Our experiment:

1. Show either a **generic ad** or **hyper-personalized ad**

2. Ask invasive questions (with an option not to answer)

METHODS

Deception protocol



Deception protocol

Study Title:

~~The Impact of Hyper-Personalized Marketing on Information Disclosure~~

Affiliation:



Part 1

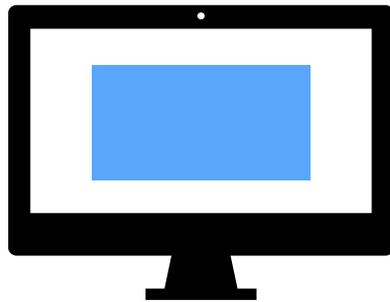
1. Obtain consent

2. Gather information **without arousing suspicion**

distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor
distractor **first name** distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor
distractor distractor distractor **phone number** distractor distractor
distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor **preferred cuisine**
distractor **relationship status** distractor distractor distractor distractor
distractor distractor distractor distractor distractor **partner's name**
+ location

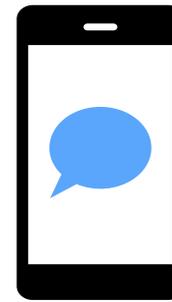
Deception protocol





Banner

or



Robotext

first name

partner's
name

Taylor, treat Ryan
to a date night this week
in Memphis.

location

We know you LOVE Thai restaurants.
Use SUPEREats.co to reserve a table at one of
the 7 near you for a deal!

preferred
cuisine



www.SUPEREATS.co

Banner ads



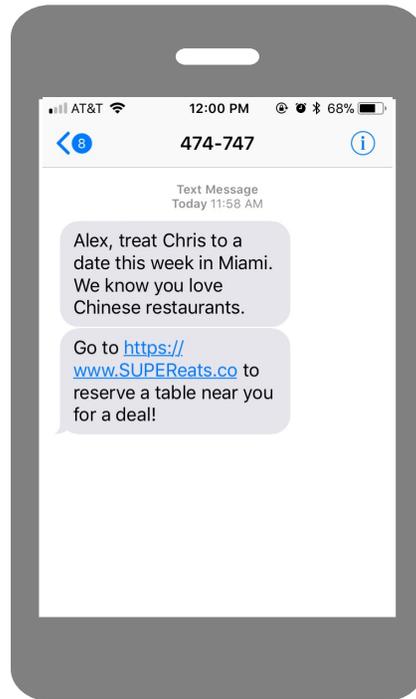
Personalized



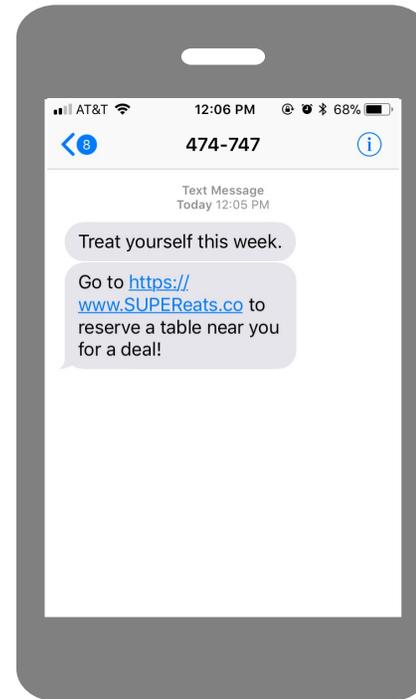
Generic

Robotext ads

Personalized



Generic



Study conditions



Banner



Personalized Generic



Robotext



Personalized Generic

Deception protocol



Invasive questions



COSMOPOLITAN



series of **43** invasive questions

Invasive questions

How many years of experience do you have with using the Internet?

For what reason did you last cry?

What is the first and last name of your best friend?

What is your home address?

“Prefer not to say” option

What is your home address?



Prefer not to say

Explicitly told **no penalty** for selecting ‘Prefer not to say’

Debrief

We revealed:

**not IIDR, but the University of Chicago
we had sent the banner or robotext ad**

Following debrief

We asked:

do you remember seeing the ad?

did you suspect it was study related at any point?

what factors did you consider when answering?

did you answer any questions **inaccurately**? (no penalty)

Participant privacy and ethics

Used Prolific's deception filter

Prolific approved our study design

Debriefed participants who dropped out

Deleted PII and answers to invasive questions

RESULTS

Deception effectiveness



92

(65%)

read robotext and not suspicious



85

(62%)

saw banner ad and not suspicious

Reactions to ad



reported feeling scared, concerned, shocked or surprised, creeped out, or uncomfortable

53%

*Personalized
Banner*

44%

*Personalized
Robotext*

0%

*Generic Banner
Generic Robotext*

Reactions to ad



creeped out

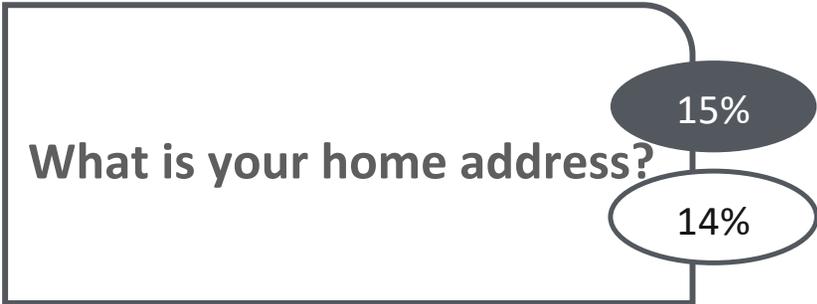
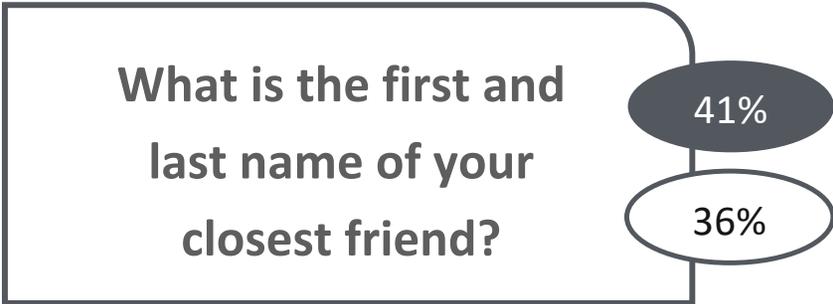
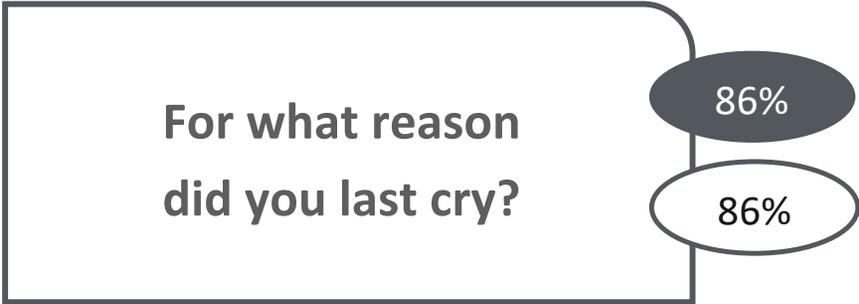
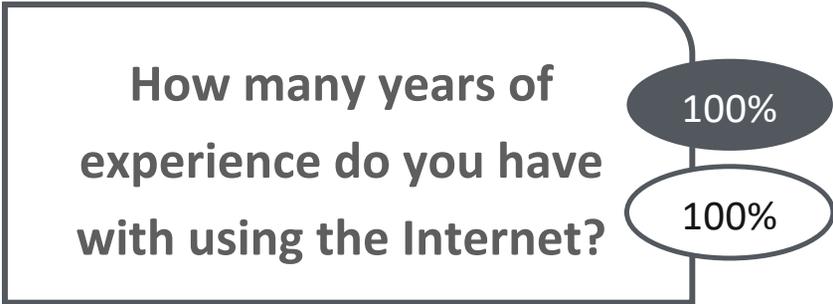


determine data origin

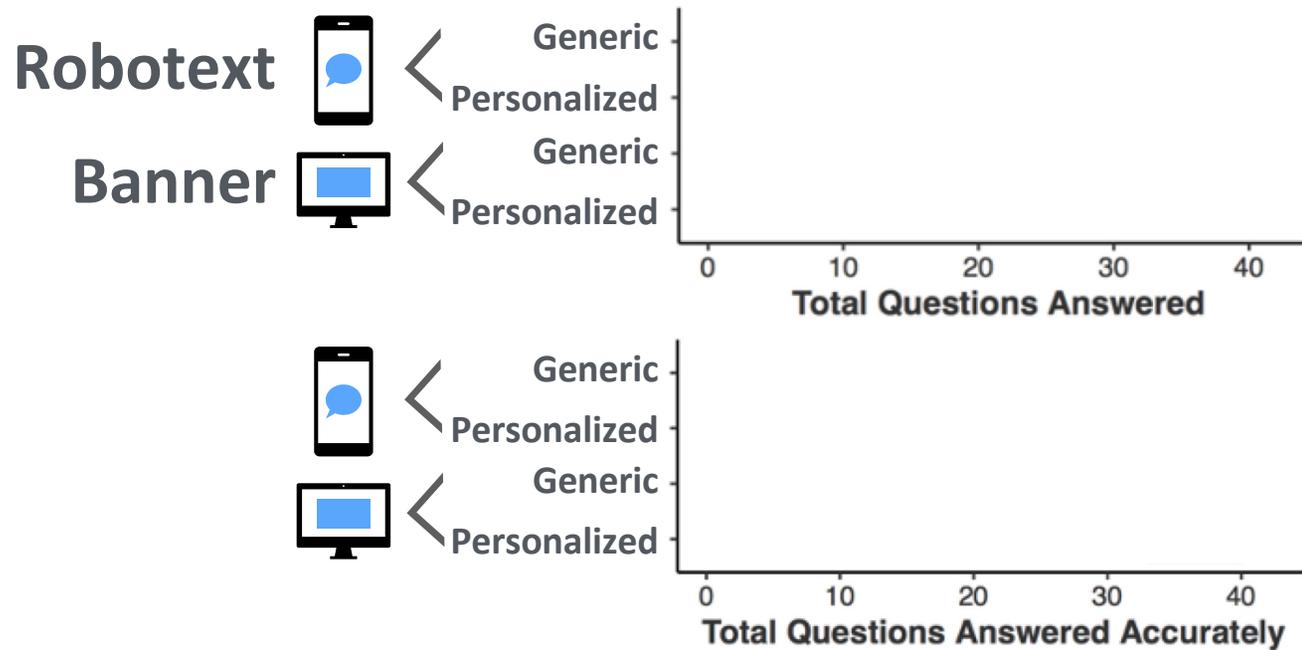
“I had a noticeable reaction of both worry and disgust, and then I realized I had been visiting a lot of restaurant websites recently” (B723, Robbert Personalized)

Information disclosure

Answered
Accurate



Information disclosure by condition



Part 2: Why select prefer not to say?



personal or
embarrassing (42%)

“I selected prefer not to say when I thought it **crossed the line** into my privacy.” (P47, Banner-Generic)



personally-
identifying or
security-related
(36%)

“...Questions that felt like phishing (mom's maiden name) were a no-go. I cared less about it being invasive and more about it **being bad security.**” (P156, Banner-Generic)

Information disclosure factors



lack of time/effort



compensation



privacy calculus

“It’s **impossible to really know** where the data goes after you
“**Teach this is VMO, re**
“I think there is a lot of risk, **unrestricted territory** but the
and it wasn’t flat broke I
fact, get **complicated**?
wouldn’t be do the thing
app53, Robotext, part it’s
Makes me feel justified in
taking **any effort** to try and
personalized)
takes all day, so does
amazon, so do so many
(P8, Banner-Personalized)
others. I don’t get paid for
that.” (P207, Robotext-
Generic)

Crowdworking and trust

[Sannon & Cosley 2019]



mixed trust in IIDR

“They are ok; don’t know a lot about them” (P147, Robotext-Personalized)



high trust in Prolific

“I feel like Prolific weeds out all the bad studies so had faith that Prolifics would keep me safe” (P170, Robotext-Personalized)

DISCUSSION

Information flows

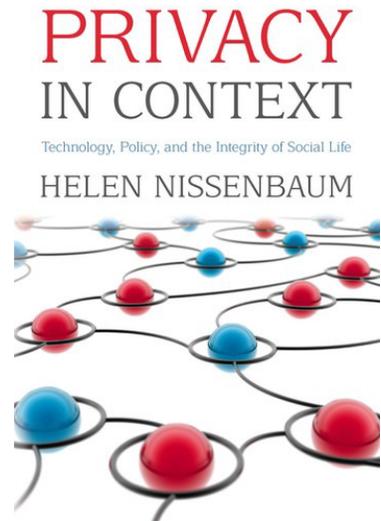
Contextual integrity

Privacy: appropriate flows of information

Privacy harms: unexpected (re)use of data

Privacy compartmentalization

Do actors need to be identified for behavior change?



Implications for crowdwork

Crowdworker trust that platforms will help manage privacy

Need **privacy by design**:

Requester identity verification

Collaborations between IRBs and crowdwork platforms

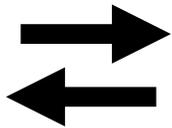
Purpose of data collection

Directions for future work



Strength of effect?

Single violation of contextual integrity not enough



Competing effects?

Cautionary lesson: don't share data again

Demoralization: privacy hopelessness confirmed



Other contexts?

Repeat with non-crowdworkers

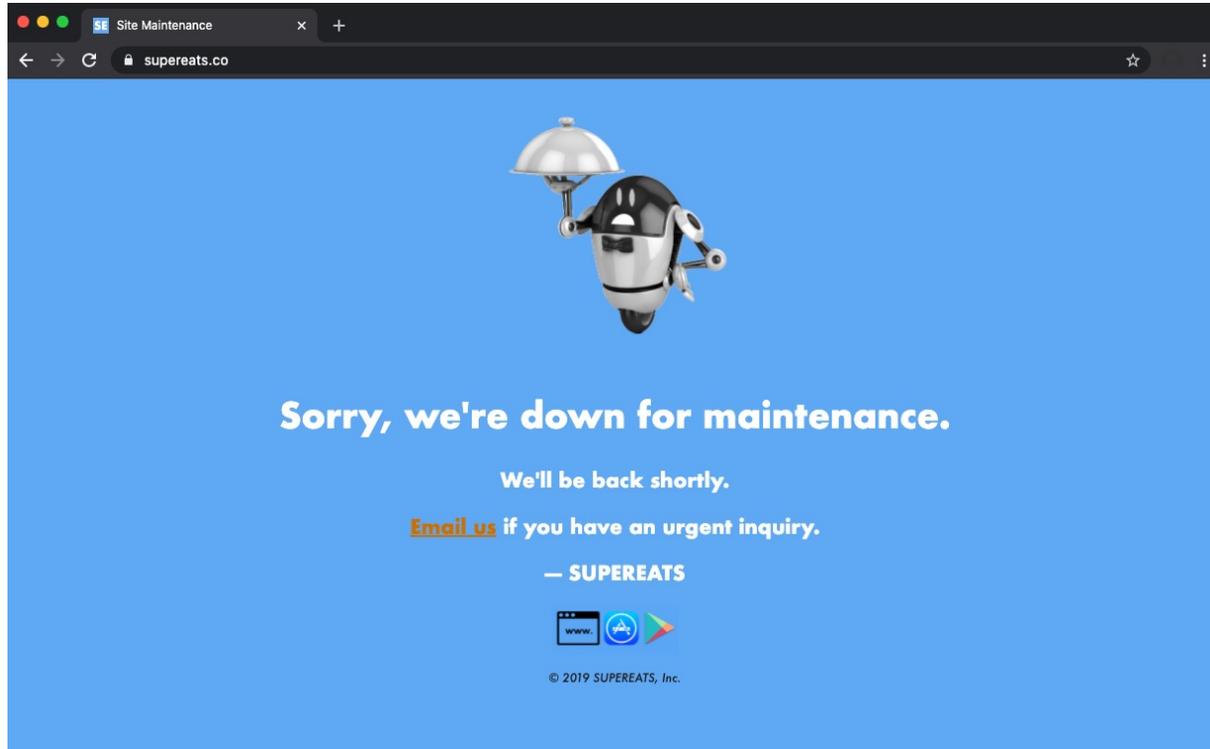
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- 1. Disclosure will continue despite hyper-personalization**
- 2. Self-regulation of privacy is insufficient**
- 3. Crowdworkers need improved privacy protections**

BONUS SLIDES



pre-study

prospective questions: American Housing Survey; US Census; Cosmopolitan magazine and Facebook quizzes; Pew Research surveys; group discussions

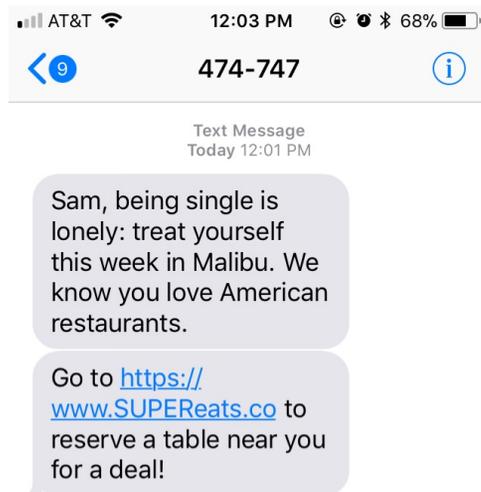
ideal question: consistent invasiveness across answer choices and quickly recallable answer

- “If given the opportunity, I would choose not to answer this question.” [Yes / No / Don’t Know]

tested with 63 pre-study participants on MTurk

chose set of 43 potentially invasive questions

Personalized ads for single participants



Part 2: following the ad...

General technology use questions to **prompt to look at phone**:

What is the current battery percentage of your phone?

If your phone doesn't show the exact battery percentage, please look at the battery indicator and estimate the amount.

Part 2: other survey questions

Asked about...

opinions of personalized advertising

knowledge of Cambridge Analytica scandal

part 1: elicit data

What is your first name?

Sophie

Hi Sophie. Which phone number should we use to contact you?

You will receive up to 3 study-related text messages. Your phone number will be deleted from our records as soon as the study is complete.

123-456-7890

part 1: elicit data

In this section, you will see some questions about hypothetical everyday situations.

Imagine that you walked into a movie theater that was showing all of the following movies. Which would you be most likely to watch?

After

Hellboy

A Dark Place

Master Z: IP Man Legacy

Mia and the White Lion

Us

part 1: elicit data

In this section, you will see some questions about hypothetical everyday situations.

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Mia and the White Lion

Us

part 1: elicit data

Imagine that you're hungry and walking down a street with the following types of restaurants. Which would you be most likely to go to?

Italian

Thai

Indian

American

Japanese

Mexican

Chinese

part 1: elicit data

In this section, you will see some questions about people in your life and their tech use.

Think of a coworker you currently have or previously had.

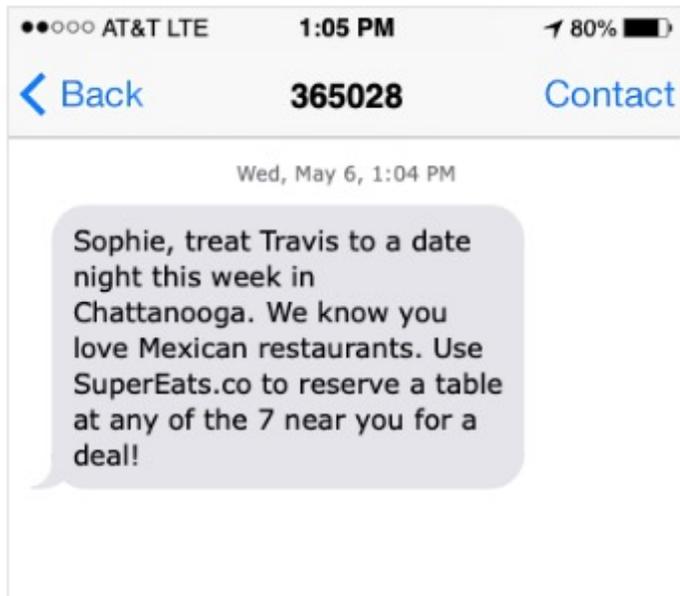
What is their first name?

part 1: elicit data

Think of your current significant other. If you do not currently have a significant other, think of someone you previously had a relationship with, or wish you were in a relationship with.

What is their name?

part 2: deliver ad



part 2: deliver ad

This is the first section of this survey. You will be asked questions about your general use of technology.

How many apps do you have on the main home screen of your phone?

What is the current battery percentage of your phone?

If your phone doesn't show the exact battery percentage, please look at the battery indicator and estimate the amount.

11-15

16-20

20 or more

My phone doesn't have a home screen

part 2: measure disclosure

What did you eat for dinner last night?

Prefer not to say

Are you registered to vote at your current place of residence?

Yes

No

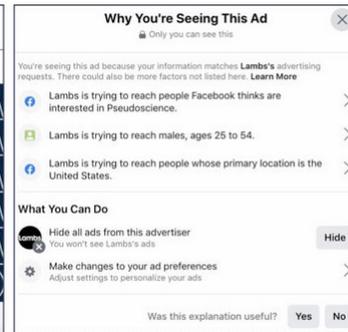
Prefer not to say

personalization in advertising



- demographics
- interests
- behaviors
- device info
- post engagement
- location

The Markup



personalization = privacy violation ?

sciendo Proceedings on Privacy Enhancing Technologies ... (..):1-18

Giridhari Venkatadri*, Elena Lucherini, Piotr Sapiiezynski, and Alan Mislove

Investigating sources of PII used in Facebook's targeted advertising

Facebook won't keep your two-factor phone number truly private

If you're worried, use a two-factor app instead of a phone number.

Daniel Conroy, @dconroy

16 Comments 1323 Shares

Smart, Useful, Scary, Creepy: Perceptions of Online Behavioral Advertising

Blase Ur, Pedro Giovanni Leon, Lorrie Faith Cranor, Richard Shay, Yang Wang
Carnegie Mellon University
{bur, pedrogin, lorrie, rshay, yangwan1}@cmu.edu

FACEBOOK

Facebook Is Giving Advertisers Access to Your Shadow Contact Information

Kashmir Hill

9/26/18 3:30PM • Filed to: FACEBOOK

186.6K 96 19

going online → your data is collected

privacy calculus



privacy paradox

in a variety of contexts, people acknowledge potential privacy implications but take no action